: Artificial Intelligence/ Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning/ Computer

Programme Name/s Technology/ Computer Engineering/

Computer Science & Engineering/ Data Sciences/ Computer Hardware & Maintenance

Programme Code : AI/ AN/ CM/ CO/ CW/ DS/ HA

Semester : Fourth

Course Title : MICROPROCESSOR

Course Code : 314329

I. RATIONALE

The microprocessor is the most vital component of a computer system and is considered be its' brain and heart. This course will cover the basics of 8086 and its architecture along with instruction set, data types, assembly language programming with effective use of procedure and macro. This course will enable the students to inculcate assembly language programming concepts and methodology to solve problems related with microprocessor-based systems.

II. INDUSTRY / EMPLOYER EXPECTED OUTCOME

This course aims to help the student to attain the following industry expected outcomes through various teaching-learning experiences:

III. COURSE LEVEL LEARNING OUTCOMES (COS)

Students will be able to achieve & demonstrate the following COs on completion of course based learning

- CO1 Analyze the functional block diagram of 8086 microprocessor.
- CO2 Use program development tools and assembler directives.
- CO3 Use instructions in different addressing modes.
- CO4 Develop an assembly language program for a given task using assembler.
- CO5 Use procedures and micros to develop an assembly language program for a given problem.

IV. TEACHING-LEARNING & ASSESSMENT SCHEME

| | | | | L | ear | ning | g Scho | eme | | | Assessi | | | | ment Scheme | | | | | | |
|--------|----------------|------------------------------------|------------|----|--------|------|---------------------|-----|---------|-------------------|---------|-----------|-----|-----|-------------|------|-------|-----|-----|-----|----------------|
| Course | Comme Tide | Course Title Abby Course Hrs./Week | | , | Theory | | Based on LL & TL | | | Base S | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Code | Course Title | Abbr | Category/s | | | | SLH | NLH | Credits | Paper Duration | | | | | | Prac | tical | | | | Total Marks |
| | | | | CL | TL | LL | | | | Duration | FA- | SA- TH | To | tal | FA- | PR | SA- | -PR | SI | | Mai Ks |
| | | | | | | | | | | 1 | Max | Max | Max | Min | Max | Min | Max | Min | Max | Min | |
| 314329 | MICROPROCESSOR | MIC | DSC | 3 | - | 2 | 1 | 6 | 3 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 | 40 | 25 | 10 | 25@ | 10 | 25 | 10 | 175 |

^{*}Develop assembly language programs using 8086.

Total IKS Hrs for Sem. : Hrs

Abbreviations: CL- ClassRoom Learning , TL- Tutorial Learning, LL-Laboratory Learning, SLH-Self Learning Hours, NLH-Notional Learning Hours, FA - Formative Assessment, SA -Summative assessment, IKS - Indian Knowledge System, SLA - Self Learning Assessment

Legends: @ Internal Assessment, # External Assessment, *# On Line Examination , @\$ Internal Online Examination Note :

- 1. FA-TH represents average of two class tests of 30 marks each conducted during the semester.
- 2. If candidate is not securing minimum passing marks in FA-PR of any course then the candidate shall be declared as "Detained" in that semester.
- 3. If candidate is not securing minimum passing marks in SLA of any course then the candidate shall be declared as fail and will have to repeat and resubmit SLA work.
- 4. Notional Learning hours for the semester are (CL+LL+TL+SL)hrs.* 15 Weeks
- 5. 1 credit is equivalent to 30 Notional hrs.
- 6. * Self learning hours shall not be reflected in the Time Table.
- 7. * Self learning includes micro project / assignment / other activities.

V. THEORY LEARNING OUTCOMES AND ALIGNED COURSE CONTENT

| Sr.No | Theory Learning Outcomes (TLO's)aligned to CO's. | Learning content mapped with Theory Learning Outcomes (TLO's) and CO's. | Suggested Learning Pedagogies. |
|-------|---|---|---|
| 1 | TLO 1.1 Describe the function of the given pin of 8086. TLO 1.2 Explain function of Bus Interface Unit and Execution Unit in 8086 Microprocessor. TLO 1.3 State functions of the given Register of 8086 Microprocessor. TLO 1.4 Calculate the physical address for the given segmentation of 8086 Microprocessor. | Unit - I 8086-16 Bit Microprocessor 1.1 8086 Microprocessor: Salient features, pin descriptions 1.2 Architecture of 8086: Functional block diagram, register organization 1.3 Concept of pipelining 1.4 Memory segmentation, Physical memory addresses generation | Lecture using chalk-board Presentations Hands-on |
| 2 | TLO 2.1 Describe the given steps of program development and execution. TLO 2.2 Write steps to develop a code for the given problem using assembly language. TLO 2.3 Use relevant command of debugger to correct the specified programming error. TLO 2.4 Describe function of the given assembler directives with example. | Unit - II The Art of Assembly Language Programming 2.1 Program development steps: Problem definition, Algorithm, Flowchart, Initialization checklist, Choosing instructions, Converting algorithm into assembly language program 2.2 Assembly Language Programming Tools: • Editor • Assembler • Linker • Debugger 2.3 Assembler directives | Lecture using chalk-board Presentations Hands-on Collaborative learning |

| Sr.No | Theory Learning Outcomes (TLO's)aligned to CO's. | Learning content mapped with Theory Learning Outcomes (TLO's) and CO's. | Suggested Learning Pedagogies. |
|-------|---|---|---|
| 3 | TLO 3.1 Determine the length of the given instruction. TLO 3.2 Describe the given addressing modes with examples. TLO 3.3 Explain the operation performed by the given instruction during its execution. TLO 3.4 Identify the addressing mode of the given instruction. | Unit - III Instruction Set of 8086 Microprocessor 3.1 Machine language instruction format 3.2 Addressing modes 3.3 Instruction set: • Arithmetic instructions • Logical Instructions • Data transfer instructions • Flag manipulation instructions • String operation instructions • Program control transfer or branching instructions • Process control instructions | Lecture using chalk-board Presentations Hands-on Collaborative learning |
| 4 | TLO 4.1 Use the given model of assembly language program for the given problem. TLO 4.2 Develop ALP for the given problem. TLO 4.3 Apply relevant control loops in the program for the given problem. TLO 4.4 Use string instruction to manipulate the elements of the given block of data. | Unit - IV Assembly Language Programming 4.1 Models of 8086 assembly language program 4.2 Programming using assembler: Arithmetic operations on hexadecimal and BCD numbers Sum of series Smallest and largest numbers from array Sorting numbers in ascending and descending order Check whether given number is odd or even Check whether given number is positive or negative Block transfer String operations - Length, Reverse, Compare, Concatenation, Copy Count numbers of 'l' and '0' in 16 bit number | Lecture using chalk-board Presentations Hands-on Collaborative learning |
| 5 | TLO 5.1 Apply the relevant 'parameter- passing' method in the given situation. TLO 5.2 Develop an assembly language program using the relevant procedure for the given problem. TLO 5.3 Develop an assembly language program using macros for the given problem. TLO 5.4 Compare procedures and macros on the basis of the given parameter. | Unit - V Procedure and Macro 5.1 Procedure: Defining and calling procedure - PROC, ENDP, FAR and NEAR Directives; CALL and RET instructions; Parameter passing methods, Assembly language programs using procedure 5.2 Macro: Defining macro, MACRO and ENDM Directives, Macro with parameters, Assembly language programs using macro | Lecture using chalk-board Presentations Hands-on Collaborative learning |

VI. LABORATORY LEARNING OUTCOME AND ALIGNED PRACTICAL / TUTORIAL EXPERIENCES.

| Practical / Tutorial / Laboratory Learning Outcome (LLO) | Sr No | Laboratory Experiment / Practical Titles / Tutorial Titles | Number of hrs. | Relevant COs |
|--|----------|---|----------------|-----------------|
| LLO 1.1 Identify the functions of various blocks | | * Identification of various blocks | | |
| in 8086 architecture. | 1 | in 8086 microprocessor | 2 | CO1 |
| LLO 1.2 Identify the use of registers of 8086. | | architecture | | |

| Practical / Tutorial / Laboratory Learning Outcome (LLO) | Sr No | Laboratory Experiment / Practical Titles / Tutorial Titles | Number of hrs. | Relevant COs |
|--|----------|---|----------------|-----------------|
| LLO 2.1 Identify the function of given assembly language tool. LLO 2.2 Use assembler directives in a given situation. | 2 | * Use assembly language programming (ALP) tools and directives | 2 | CO2 |
| LLO 3.1 Use different addressing mode instructions in program. LLO 3.2 Write an assembly language program for addition and subtraction using different addressing mode instruction. | 3 | * ALP to perform addition and subtraction of two given numbers | 2 | CO3 |
| LLO 4.1 Write an assembly language program for multiplication of two 16 bit unsigned numbers. LLO 4.2 Write an assembly language program for multiplication of two 16 bit signed numbers. | 4 | ALP for multiplication of two signed and unsigned numbers | 2 | CO3 |
| LLO 5.1 Write an assembly language program for division of two unsigned numbers. LLO 5.2 Write an assembly language program for division of two signed numbers. | 5 | ALP to perform division of two unsigned and signed numbers | 2 | CO3 |
| LLO 6.1 Use DAA and DAS instructions to perform arithmetic operations on BCD numbers. LLO 6.2 Write an ALP to perform arithmetic operations on BCD numbers. | 6 | ALP to add, subtract, multiply and divide two BCD numbers | 2 | CO3 |
| LLO 7.1 Implement loop in assembly language program. LLO 7.2 Use string instruction to perform block transfer operation. LLO 7.3 Write an ALP to perform block transfer data without using string instruction. LLO 7.4 Write an ALP to perform block transfer data with using string instruction. | 7 | * ALP to perform block transfer operation | 2 | CO4 |
| LLO 8.1 Implement loop in assembly language program to find sum of series. LLO 8.2 Write an assembly language program to find sum of series of n Hexadecimal numbers. LLO 8.3 Write an assembly language program to find sum of series of n BCD numbers. | 8 | ALP to find sum of series | 2 | CO4 |
| LLO 9.1 Implement loop in assembly language program to find smallest and largest number from the array of n numbers. LLO 9.2 Use decision making branching instruction to find smallest or largest number. LLO 9.3 Write an assembly language program to find smallest number from the array of n numbers. LLO 9.4 Write an assembly language program to find largest number from the array of n numbers. | 9 | * ALP to find smallest and largest number from array of numbers | 2 | CO4 |
| LLO 10.1 Apply iterative method to arrange numbers in array in ascending or descending order. LLO 10.2 Write an assembly language program to arrange numbers in array in ascending order. LLO 10.3 Write an assembly language program to arrange numbers in array in descending order. | 10 | ALP to arrange numbers in an array in ascending or descending order | 2 | CO4 |

| Practical / Tutorial / Laboratory Learning Outcome (LLO) | Sr No | Laboratory Experiment / Practical Titles / Tutorial Titles | Number of hrs. | Relevant COs |
|---|----------|---|----------------|-----------------|
| LLO 11.1 Write an assembly language program to find length of string. LLO 11.2 Write an assembly language program to concatenate two strings. | 11 | * ALP to find the length of string and concatanate two strings | 2 | CO4 |
| LLO 12.1 Write an assembly language program to copy string. LLO 12.2 Write an assembly language program to copy string in reverse order. | 12 | ALP for string operations such as string reverse and string copy | 2 | CO4 |
| LLO 13.1 Write an assembly language program to compare two strings without string instruction. LLO 13.2 Write an assembly language program to compare two strings using string instruction. | 13 | ALP to compare two strings | 2 | CO4 |
| LLO 14.1 Use div and rotate instructions to check the given number is odd or even. LLO 14.2 Write an assembly language program to count odd and even from the array of n numbers. | 14 | * ALP to check a given number is odd or even | 2 | CO4 |
| LLO 15.1 Use rotate instructions to check the given number is positive or negative. LLO 15.2 Write an assembly language program to count positive and negative numbers in given array. | 15 | ALP to check a given number is positive or negative | 2 | CO4 |
| LLO 16.1 Use rotate instructions to count '0' and '1' in the given number. LLO 16.2 Write an assembly language program to count number of '0' and '1's in a given number. | 16 | ALP to count number of '0' and '1's in a given number | 2 | CO4 |
| LLO 17.1 Use CALL and RET instructions to call procedures using different parameter passing methods LLO 17.2 Use assembler directives: PROC and ENDP to write the procedure. LLO 17.3 Write an assembly language program using procedure to perform for addition, subtraction, multiplication and division. LLO 17.4 Write an assembly language program using procedure to solve equation such as Z = (A+B)*(C+D). | 17 | * ALP to perform arithmetic operations on given numbers using procedure | 2 | CO5 |
| LLO 18.1 Use assembler directives MACRO and ENDM to write the macros using parameters. LLO 18.2 Write an assembly language program using macro to perform for addition, subtraction, multiplication and division. LLO 18.3 Write an assembly language program using macro to solve equation such as $Z = (A+B)*(C+D)$. | 18 | ALP to perform arithmetic operations on given numbers using macro | 2 | CO5 |

Note: Out of above suggestive LLOs -

- '*' Marked Practicals (LLOs) Are mandatory.
- Minimum 80% of above list of lab experiment are to be performed.
- Judicial mix of LLOs are to be performed to achieve desired outcomes.

VII. SUGGESTED MICRO PROJECT / ASSIGNMENT/ ACTIVITIES FOR SPECIFIC LEARNING / SKILLS DEVELOPMENT (SELF LEARNING)

Micro project

- The micro project has to be laboratory-based developed in assembly language as suggested by teacher. Each microproject should encompass of two or more CO's which are in fact, an integration of laboratory experiments and LLO's. Some of the suggested microprojects are given below.
- a. Conversion of number system-(Any one):
- 1. Convert hexadecimal number to equivalent BCD.
- 2. Convert BCD number to equivalent hexadecimal number
- b. Array-(Any one):
- 1. Separate odd and even number from given array, store them in separate array and find the sum.
- 2. Separate odd and even number from given array, store them in separate array and find the smallest and largest among them.
- 3. Separate odd and even number from given array, store them in separate array and sort numbers in ascending and descending order.
- c. Basic mathematical functions-(Any one):
- 1. Generate fibonacci series.
- 2. Calculate a factorial of given number.
- d. String manipulation-(Any one):
- 1. Convert given lower case string to upper case string and vice-versa.
- 2. Check the given string for palindrome.
- 3. Search given character and its position in a string; i.e. find how many times character is present in a string and its position in a string.

Assignment

• Prepare a comparative survey report of 8086 microprocessor with i3, i5, i7, i9 or AMD Ryzen processor.

Note:

- Above is just a suggestive list of microprojects and assignments; faculty must prepare their own bank of microprojects, assignments, and activities in a similar way.
- The faculty must allocate judicial mix of tasks, considering the weaknesses and / strengths of the student in acquiring the desired skills.
- If a microproject is assigned, it is expected to be completed as a group activity.
- SLA marks shall be awarded as per the continuous assessment record.
- If the course does not have associated SLA component, above suggestive listings is applicable to Tutorials and maybe considered for FA-PR evaluations.

VIII. LABORATORY EQUIPMENT / INSTRUMENTS / TOOLS / SOFTWARE REQUIRED

| Sr.No | Equipment Name with Broad Specifications | Relevant LLO Number |
|-------|---|---------------------|
| | Hardware: | |
| 1 | Personal computer, (Processor i3 onwords preferable), RAM minimum 2GB | All |
| | Operating system: Windows-7 onwards | |

| Sr.No | Equipment Name with Broad Specifications | Relevant LLO Number |
|-------|---|---------------------|
| 2 | Software: a) Assembler: Borland Turbo (TASM) / Microsoft Assembler (MASM) b) Linker: Borland Turbo (TLINK) / Microsoft (LINK) | All |
| | c) Debugger: Borland Turbo (TD) / Microsoft debugger (CS or Debug) d) Editor: DOS-Edit / Notepad | |

IX. SUGGESTED WEIGHTAGE TO LEARNING EFFORTS & ASSESSMENT PURPOSE (Specification Table)

| Sr.No | o Unit Unit Title | | Aligned COs | Learning Hours | R- Level | U- Level | A- Level | Total Marks |
|-------|-------------------|---|----------------|-------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|----------------|
| 1 | I | 8086-16 Bit Microprocessor | CO1 | 6 | 2 | 6 | 6 | 14 |
| 2 | II | The Art of Assembly Language Programming | CO2 | 6 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 8 |
| 3 | III | Instruction Set of 8086 Microprocessor | CO3 | 12 | 2 | 8 | 8 | 18 |
| 4 | IV | Assembly Language Programming | CO4 | 15 | 0 | 4 | 16 | 20 |
| 5 | V | Procedure and Macro | CO5 | 6 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 10 |
| | | Grand Total | | 45 | 8 | 24 | 38 | 70 |

X. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGIES/TOOLS

Formative assessment (Assessment for Learning)

- Continuous assessment based on process and product related performance indicators
- Each practical will be assessed considering 60% weightage to process 40% weightage to product.

Summative Assessment (Assessment of Learning)

• End semester examination, Lab performance, Viva-voce

XI. SUGGESTED COS - POS MATRIX FORM

| | | Programme Outcomes (POs) | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|--|-----------------------------|--|------------------------------|---------|------------|---|---|-----------|------|--|
| (COs) | PO-1 Basic and Discipline Specific Knowledge | PO-2 Problem Analysis | PO-3 Design/ Development of Solutions | PO-4 Engineering Tools | SACIATA | Management | | 1 | PSO- 2 | PSO- | |
| CO1 | 2 | - | - | - 1 | - | 1 | 1 | | | | |
| CO2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | - | 1 | 1 | | | | |
| CO3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | | 1 | 1 | | | | |
| CO4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | - | 1 | 1 | | | | |

| CO5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | - | 1 | 1 | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| Legends :- High:03, Medium:02,Low:01, No Mapping: - | | | | | | | | | | |
| *PSOs are | *PSOs are to be formulated at institute level | | | | | | | | | |

XII. SUGGESTED LEARNING MATERIALS / BOOKS

| Sr.No | Author | Title | Publisher with ISBN Number |
|-------|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| 1 | Douglas V. Hall | Microprocessor and Interfacing (Programming and Hardware) | McGraw Hill Education, New Delhi ISBN-13: 978- 0070257429 |
| 2 | Walter A. Triebel, Avtar Singh | The 8088 and 8086 Microprocessors: Programming, Interfacing, Software, Hardware, and Applications | Pearson Publications, New Delhi ISBN-13: 978- 0131228047 |
| 3 | Sunil Mathur | Microprocessor 8086: Architecture, Programming and Interfacing | PHI, New Delhi ISBN-13: 978- 8120340879 |
| 4 | K. R. Venugopal and Raj Kumar | Microprocessor X86 Programming | BPB Publications, Delhi ISBN-13: 978- 8170294580 |

XIII. LEARNING WEBSITES & PORTALS

| Sr.No | Link / Portal | Description |
|-------|--|---|
| 1 | https://www.tutorialspoint.com/microprocessor/microprocessor_8086_overview.htm | Architecture of 8086 |
| 2 | https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/architecture-of-8086/ | Architecture of 8086 |
| 3 | https://www.javatpoint.com/8086-microprocessor | Pin description and Architecture of 8086 |
| 4 | https://electronicsdesk.com/assembler-directives.html | Assembler directives |
| 5 | https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/addressing-modes-8086-micropro cessor/ | Addressing modes of 8086 |
| 6 | https://www.tutorialspoint.com/microprocessor/microprocessor_8086_addressing_modes.htm | Addressing modes of 8086 |
| 7 | https://www.tutorialspoint.com/microprocessor/microprocessor_8086_instruction_sets.htm | Instruction set of 8086 |
| 8 | https://www.javatpoint.com/instruction-set-of-8086 | Instruction set of 8086 |
| 9 | https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108103157 | NPTEL Course on Microprocessors and Interfacing |

Note:

• Teachers are requested to check the creative common license status/financial implications of the suggested online educational resources before use by the students